

(E)-1-(2,4-Dinitrophenyl)-2-[1-(thiophen-2-yl)ethylidene]hydrazine

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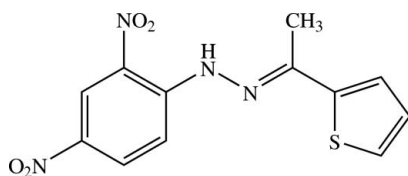
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; *T* = 100 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; *R* factor = 0.041; *wR* factor = 0.109; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.4.

The molecule of the title compound, C₁₂H₁₀N₄O₄S, is slightly twisted, with a dihedral angle of 8.23 (9)° between the benzene and thiophene rings. One nitro group is co-planar [O–N–C–C torsion angles = –0.5 (3) and –1.9 (3)°] whereas the other is slightly twisted with respect to the benzene ring [O–N–C–C torsion angles = –5.1 (3) and –5.7 (3)°]. In the crystal, the molecules are linked by weak C–H···O interactions into screw chains along the *b* axis. The molecular conformation is consolidated by an intramolecular N–H···O hydrogen bond.

Related literature

For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987). For related structures, see: Chantrapromma *et al.* (2010); Fun *et al.* (2010); Jansrisewangwong *et al.* (2010); Shan *et al.* (2008). For background to and the biological activity of hydrazones, see: Baughman *et al.* (2004); Bedia *et al.* (2006); El-Tabl *et al.* (2008); Ramamohan *et al.* (1995); Rollas & Küçükgülzel (2007). For the stability of the temperature controller used in the data collection, see Cosier & Glazer (1986).



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Experimental

Crystal data

C₁₂H₁₀N₄O₄S
M_r = 306.30
 Monoclinic, *P*2₁/*c*
a = 9.4868 (5) Å
b = 15.3912 (8) Å
c = 8.9756 (4) Å
 β = 91.672 (2)°
V = 1310.00 (11) Å³
Z = 4
 Mo *K*α radiation
 μ = 0.27 mm⁻¹
T = 100 K
 0.60 × 0.19 × 0.16 mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area detector diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2009)
T_{min} = 0.854, *T_{max}* = 0.959
 10366 measured reflections
 2414 independent reflections
 2176 reflections with *I* > 2σ(*I*)
R_{int} = 0.027

Refinement

R[*F*² > 2σ(*F*²)] = 0.041
wR(*F*²) = 0.109
S = 1.08
 2414 reflections
 195 parameters
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}}$ = 0.38 e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}}$ = –0.44 e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

<i>D</i> – <i>H</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> – <i>H</i>	<i>H</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> – <i>H</i> ··· <i>A</i>
N2–H1N2···O1	0.79 (3)	2.00 (3)	2.618 (3)	134 (2)
C6–H6A···O2 ⁱ	0.93	2.45	3.099 (3)	127
C9–H9A···O4 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.47	3.147 (2)	129
C11–H11A···O3 ⁱ	0.93	2.57	3.240 (3)	129

Symmetry codes: (i) –*x* + 1, *y* – ½, –*z* + ¾; (ii) *x* – 1, *y*, *z* + 1.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINTE* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINTE*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: RZ2573).

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Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o1034-o1035 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811011135]

(E)-1-(2,4-Dinitrophenyl)-2-[1-(thiophen-2-yl)ethylidene]hydrazine

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Comment

Hydrazones are an important class of compounds which are used in numerous biological and pharmacological applications as insecticidal, antitumor, antioxidant, antifungal, antibacterial, antiviral and antituberculosis compounds (Bedia *et al.*, 2006; El-Tabl *et al.*, 2008; Ramamohan *et al.*, 1995; Rollas & Küçükgül, 2007). Several of them also exhibit good nonlinear optical properties (Baughman *et al.*, 2004). In our previous studies we reported the syntheses and crystal structures of some hydrazone derivatives (Chantrapromma *et al.*, 2010; Fun *et al.*, 2010; Jansrisewangwong *et al.*, 2010). The title compound (I) was synthesized as part of our on going research on biological activities of hydrazones.

The molecule of (I), (Fig. 1), is slightly twisted with the dihedral angle between the benzene and thiophene rings of $8.23(9)^\circ$. The middle ethylidenehydrazine unit (N1/N2/C7/C12) is planar with the *r.m.s.* $0.0033(2) \text{ \AA}$ and the torsion angle $\text{N2-N1-C7-C12} = -1.1(3)^\circ$. This N=N=C bridge makes dihedral angles of $6.62(11)$ and $2.14(12)^\circ$ with the benzene and thiophene rings, respectively. The nitro group at atom C2 is co-planar [torsion angles $\text{O1-N3-C2-C1} = -0.5(3)^\circ$ and $\text{O2-N3-C2-C3} = -1.9(3)^\circ$] whereby that at atom C4 is slightly twisted with respect to the benzene ring [torsion angles $\text{O3-N4-C4-C3} = -5.1(3)^\circ$ and $\text{O4-N4-C4-C5} = -5.7(3)^\circ$]. The bond distances are of normal values (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and comparable with those found in related structures (Jansrisewangwong *et al.*, 2010; Shan *et al.*, 2008).

In the crystal structure (Fig. 2), the molecules are linked by C—H \cdots O weak interactions (Table 1) into screw chains along the *b* axis. The molecular conformation is consolidated by an intramolecular N—H \cdots O hydrogen bonding interaction (Table 1). C \cdots N^{iii, iv}[$3.219(3)$ – $3.232(3) \text{ \AA}$], C \cdots O^{iii, v, vi}[$3.099(3)$ – $3.187(2) \text{ \AA}$] and N \cdots O^{vii}[$2.971(2) \text{ \AA}$] short contacts are also observed [symmetry codes: (iii) $x, 1/2 - y, -1/2 + z$; (iv) $1 + x, 1/2 - y, -1/2 + z$; (v) $1 - x, 1/2 + y, 3/2 - z$; (vi) $1 + x, y, -1 + z$ and (vii) $1 - x, 1 - y, 2 - z$].

Experimental

The title compound was synthesized by dissolving 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine (0.40 g, 2 mmol) in ethanol (10 ml) and H_2SO_4 (conc.) (98%, 0.5 ml) was slowly added with stirring. Then 2-acetylthiophene (0.20 ml, 2 mmol) was added to the solution with continuous stirring. The solution was refluxed for 30 min yielding an orange-red solid, which was filtered off and washed with methanol. Orange block-shaped single crystals of the title compound suitable for X-ray structure determination were recrystallized from ethanol by slow evaporation of the solvent at room temperature over several days. Mp. 516–518 K.

Refinement

The H atom attached to N2 was located in a difference Fourier map and refined isotropically. The remaining H atoms were positioned geometrically and allowed to ride on their parent atoms, with $d(\text{C—H}) = 0.93 \text{ \AA}$ for aromatic and 0.96 \AA for CH_3 atoms. The U_{iso} values were constrained to be $1.5U_{\text{eq}}$ of the carrier atom for methyl H atoms and $1.2U_{\text{eq}}$ for the remaining

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H atoms. A rotating group model was used for the methyl groups. The highest residual electron density peak is located at 0.97 Å from S1 and the deepest hole is located at 0.67 Å from S1.

Figures

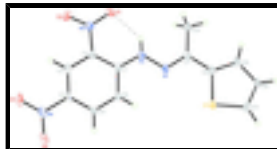


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound, showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids. The intramolecular hydrogen bond is drawn as dash line.

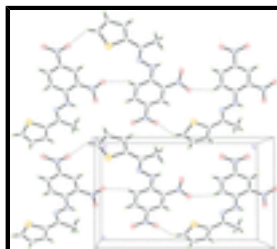


Fig. 2. The crystal packing of the title compound viewed along the *c* axis. Hydrogen bonds are drawn as dashed lines.

(*E*)-1-(2,4-Dinitrophenyl)-2-[1-(thiophen-2-yl)ethylidene]hydrazine

Crystal data

$C_{12}H_{10}N_4O_4S$

$M_r = 306.30$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 9.4868$ (5) Å

$b = 15.3912$ (8) Å

$c = 8.9756$ (4) Å

$\beta = 91.672$ (2)°

$V = 1310.00$ (11) Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 632$

$D_x = 1.553$ Mg m⁻³

Melting point = 516–518 K

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 2414 reflections

$\theta = 2.2$ – 25.5 °

$\mu = 0.27$ mm⁻¹

$T = 100$ K

Block, orange

$0.60 \times 0.19 \times 0.16$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area detector diffractometer

Radiation source: sealed tube graphite

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2009)

$T_{\min} = 0.854$, $T_{\max} = 0.959$

10366 measured reflections

2414 independent reflections

2176 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.5$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 2.2$ °

$h = -10 \rightarrow 11$

$k = -18 \rightarrow 14$

$l = -10 \rightarrow 10$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.109$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$S = 1.08$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0504P)^2 + 1.3252P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2414 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
195 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.38 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.44 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Experimental. The crystal was placed in the cold stream of an Oxford Cryosystems Cobra open-flow nitrogen cryostat (Cosier & Glazer, 1986) operating at 120.0 (1) K.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.18528 (6)	0.07603 (4)	1.08312 (6)	0.02114 (18)
O1	0.38055 (16)	0.48642 (10)	0.89817 (17)	0.0234 (4)
O2	0.5358 (2)	0.53354 (10)	0.7464 (2)	0.0367 (5)
O3	0.82477 (16)	0.34691 (11)	0.46978 (17)	0.0263 (4)
O4	0.82742 (17)	0.20890 (11)	0.51711 (18)	0.0295 (4)
N1	0.29668 (17)	0.24567 (11)	1.00495 (18)	0.0165 (4)
N2	0.35684 (18)	0.31993 (13)	0.9518 (2)	0.0169 (4)
H1N2	0.328 (2)	0.3673 (18)	0.967 (3)	0.018 (6)*
N3	0.47704 (19)	0.47362 (12)	0.8097 (2)	0.0219 (4)
N4	0.78273 (18)	0.28269 (13)	0.53639 (19)	0.0212 (4)
C1	0.4601 (2)	0.31302 (13)	0.8510 (2)	0.0150 (4)
C2	0.5214 (2)	0.38567 (13)	0.7812 (2)	0.0165 (4)
C3	0.6272 (2)	0.37572 (14)	0.6779 (2)	0.0185 (5)
H3A	0.6662	0.4239	0.6322	0.022*
C4	0.6724 (2)	0.29369 (14)	0.6451 (2)	0.0170 (4)

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C5	0.6148 (2)	0.22010 (14)	0.7110 (2)	0.0169 (4)
H5A	0.6469	0.1649	0.6866	0.020*
C6	0.5112 (2)	0.23004 (13)	0.8115 (2)	0.0158 (4)
H6A	0.4731	0.1810	0.8553	0.019*
C7	0.2011 (2)	0.25572 (14)	1.1041 (2)	0.0166 (4)
C8	0.1380 (2)	0.17563 (14)	1.1560 (2)	0.0173 (4)
C9	0.0380 (2)	0.16528 (15)	1.2632 (2)	0.0202 (5)
H9A	-0.0017	0.2113	1.3144	0.024*
C10	0.0020 (2)	0.07644 (14)	1.2874 (2)	0.0188 (5)
H10A	-0.0628	0.0581	1.3565	0.023*
C11	0.0736 (2)	0.02170 (16)	1.1973 (2)	0.0237 (5)
H11A	0.0630	-0.0384	1.1977	0.028*
C12	0.1551 (2)	0.34159 (14)	1.1648 (2)	0.0211 (5)
H12A	0.2364	0.3740	1.1986	0.032*
H12B	0.0941	0.3321	1.2468	0.032*
H12C	0.1054	0.3736	1.0880	0.032*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S1	0.0239 (3)	0.0203 (3)	0.0198 (3)	-0.0021 (2)	0.0103 (2)	-0.0022 (2)
O1	0.0255 (8)	0.0191 (8)	0.0262 (8)	0.0024 (6)	0.0095 (7)	-0.0037 (6)
O2	0.0487 (11)	0.0151 (9)	0.0478 (11)	-0.0032 (8)	0.0247 (9)	0.0050 (8)
O3	0.0254 (8)	0.0333 (10)	0.0206 (8)	-0.0092 (7)	0.0095 (6)	0.0043 (7)
O4	0.0300 (9)	0.0300 (10)	0.0297 (9)	0.0039 (7)	0.0190 (7)	-0.0033 (7)
N1	0.0174 (8)	0.0171 (9)	0.0152 (8)	-0.0018 (7)	0.0052 (7)	-0.0004 (7)
N2	0.0190 (9)	0.0125 (10)	0.0194 (9)	0.0006 (8)	0.0072 (7)	-0.0015 (7)
N3	0.0272 (10)	0.0163 (10)	0.0225 (9)	-0.0019 (8)	0.0058 (8)	0.0020 (8)
N4	0.0188 (9)	0.0277 (11)	0.0174 (9)	-0.0020 (8)	0.0063 (7)	-0.0013 (8)
C1	0.0150 (9)	0.0188 (11)	0.0113 (9)	-0.0003 (8)	0.0024 (7)	-0.0001 (8)
C2	0.0181 (10)	0.0142 (10)	0.0173 (10)	-0.0011 (8)	0.0035 (8)	-0.0003 (8)
C3	0.0205 (10)	0.0188 (11)	0.0162 (10)	-0.0045 (9)	0.0026 (8)	0.0037 (8)
C4	0.0160 (10)	0.0234 (12)	0.0120 (9)	-0.0024 (9)	0.0075 (8)	0.0008 (8)
C5	0.0182 (10)	0.0173 (11)	0.0152 (10)	0.0023 (8)	0.0029 (8)	-0.0026 (8)
C6	0.0182 (10)	0.0147 (10)	0.0148 (9)	-0.0012 (8)	0.0048 (8)	0.0009 (8)
C7	0.0172 (10)	0.0199 (11)	0.0127 (9)	0.0008 (8)	0.0020 (8)	-0.0018 (8)
C8	0.0160 (10)	0.0216 (12)	0.0143 (10)	0.0004 (8)	0.0031 (8)	-0.0027 (8)
C9	0.0187 (10)	0.0261 (12)	0.0163 (10)	0.0004 (9)	0.0065 (8)	-0.0025 (9)
C10	0.0168 (10)	0.0256 (12)	0.0146 (10)	-0.0032 (9)	0.0094 (8)	0.0001 (9)
C11	0.0251 (11)	0.0236 (12)	0.0229 (11)	-0.0064 (9)	0.0076 (9)	0.0018 (9)
C12	0.0228 (11)	0.0219 (12)	0.0191 (11)	0.0001 (9)	0.0093 (9)	-0.0025 (9)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

S1—C11	1.714 (2)	C3—H3A	0.9300
S1—C8	1.731 (2)	C4—C5	1.396 (3)
O1—N3	1.245 (2)	C5—C6	1.362 (3)
O2—N3	1.226 (2)	C5—H5A	0.9300
O3—N4	1.228 (2)	C6—H6A	0.9300

O4—N4	1.226 (2)	C7—C8	1.453 (3)
N1—C7	1.298 (3)	C7—C12	1.499 (3)
N1—N2	1.370 (3)	C8—C9	1.380 (3)
N2—C1	1.357 (3)	C9—C10	1.428 (3)
N2—H1N2	0.79 (3)	C9—H9A	0.9300
N3—C2	1.443 (3)	C10—C11	1.363 (3)
N4—C4	1.462 (3)	C10—H10A	0.9300
C1—C2	1.415 (3)	C11—H11A	0.9300
C1—C6	1.415 (3)	C12—H12A	0.9600
C2—C3	1.394 (3)	C12—H12B	0.9600
C3—C4	1.368 (3)	C12—H12C	0.9600
C11—S1—C8	91.98 (11)	C4—C5—H5A	120.4
C7—N1—N2	116.47 (18)	C5—C6—C1	121.80 (19)
C1—N2—N1	118.89 (18)	C5—C6—H6A	119.1
C1—N2—H1N2	116.4 (18)	C1—C6—H6A	119.1
N1—N2—H1N2	124.2 (18)	N1—C7—C8	114.90 (19)
O2—N3—O1	121.94 (18)	N1—C7—C12	124.81 (19)
O2—N3—C2	119.03 (18)	C8—C7—C12	120.30 (18)
O1—N3—C2	119.03 (17)	C9—C8—C7	128.3 (2)
O4—N4—O3	123.94 (18)	C9—C8—S1	110.63 (16)
O4—N4—C4	117.31 (18)	C7—C8—S1	121.11 (15)
O3—N4—C4	118.75 (18)	C8—C9—C10	112.89 (19)
N2—C1—C2	123.19 (19)	C8—C9—H9A	123.6
N2—C1—C6	119.84 (18)	C10—C9—H9A	123.6
C2—C1—C6	116.98 (18)	C11—C10—C9	112.11 (19)
C3—C2—C1	121.38 (19)	C11—C10—H10A	123.9
C3—C2—N3	116.11 (18)	C9—C10—H10A	123.9
C1—C2—N3	122.50 (18)	C10—C11—S1	112.39 (18)
C4—C3—C2	118.73 (19)	C10—C11—H11A	123.8
C4—C3—H3A	120.6	S1—C11—H11A	123.8
C2—C3—H3A	120.6	C7—C12—H12A	109.5
C3—C4—C5	121.90 (19)	C7—C12—H12B	109.5
C3—C4—N4	119.07 (19)	H12A—C12—H12B	109.5
C5—C4—N4	119.03 (19)	C7—C12—H12C	109.5
C6—C5—C4	119.21 (19)	H12A—C12—H12C	109.5
C6—C5—H5A	120.4	H12B—C12—H12C	109.5
C7—N1—N2—C1	178.22 (17)	C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.4 (3)
N1—N2—C1—C2	175.14 (17)	N4—C4—C5—C6	-179.49 (17)
N1—N2—C1—C6	-4.9 (3)	C4—C5—C6—C1	0.0 (3)
N2—C1—C2—C3	-179.90 (18)	N2—C1—C6—C5	-179.89 (18)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.2 (3)	C2—C1—C6—C5	0.1 (3)
N2—C1—C2—N3	-1.2 (3)	N2—N1—C7—C8	178.99 (16)
C6—C1—C2—N3	178.88 (17)	N2—N1—C7—C12	-1.1 (3)
O2—N3—C2—C3	-1.9 (3)	N1—C7—C8—C9	177.69 (19)
O1—N3—C2—C3	178.29 (17)	C12—C7—C8—C9	-2.2 (3)
O2—N3—C2—C1	179.28 (19)	N1—C7—C8—S1	-2.2 (2)
O1—N3—C2—C1	-0.5 (3)	C12—C7—C8—S1	177.89 (15)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.5 (3)	C11—S1—C8—C9	-0.67 (16)

supplementary materials

N3—C2—C3—C4	-179.26 (17)	C11—S1—C8—C7	179.21 (17)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.6 (3)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-178.97 (19)
C2—C3—C4—N4	179.69 (17)	S1—C8—C9—C10	0.9 (2)
O4—N4—C4—C3	175.19 (18)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-0.7 (3)
O3—N4—C4—C3	-5.1 (3)	C9—C10—C11—S1	0.2 (2)
O4—N4—C4—C5	-5.7 (3)	C8—S1—C11—C10	0.27 (17)
O3—N4—C4—C5	174.08 (18)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
N2—H1N2 \cdots O1	0.79 (3)	2.00 (3)	2.618 (3)	134 (2)
C6—H6A \cdots O2 ⁱ	0.93	2.45	3.099 (3)	127
C9—H9A \cdots O4 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.47	3.147 (2)	129
C11—H11A \cdots O3 ⁱ	0.93	2.57	3.240 (3)	129

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+3/2$; (ii) $x-1, y, z+1$.

Fig. 1

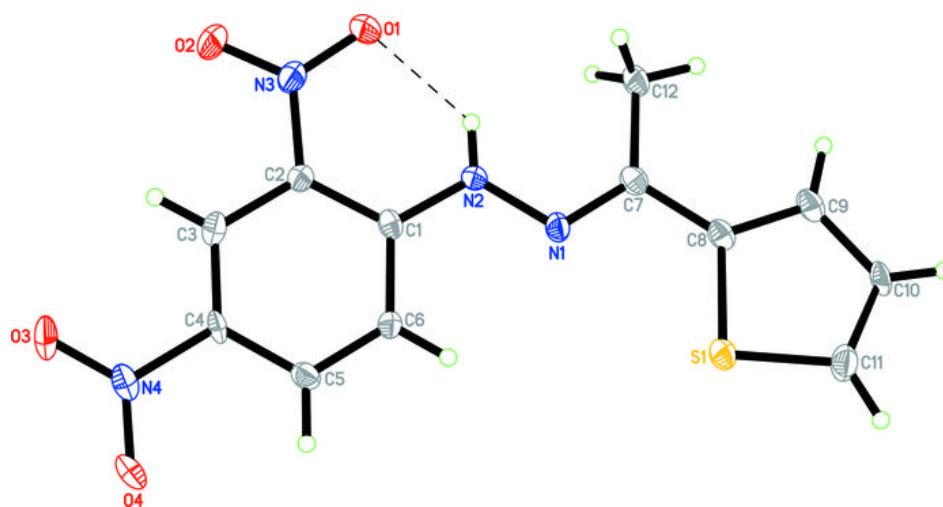


Fig. 2

